No statewide distributed generation compensation rules

Statewide distributed generation compensation rules other than net metering

No statewide mandatory net metering rules, but some utilities offer net metering

State-developed mandatory net metering rules for certain utilities
Map Notes: Arizona, Georgia, Hawaii, Maine, Mississippi, and Utah offer alternative compensation mechanisms for distributed generation such as net billing. The Idaho Public Utilities Commission has required investor-owned utilities in the state to offer net metering through separate docket proceedings; however, no statewide net metering policy exists.

Indiana will close net metering to new customers by July 2022 or when the state’s 1.5% aggregate cap is reached; new customers entering net metering arrangements before this date are grandfathered until July 2032 only. For these reasons, Indiana is categorized as having DG compensation rules other than net metering. The Michigan Public Service Commission adopted an alternative compensation mechanism in April 2018. Final tariffs will be approved in individual utility rate cases; however customers enrolling in net metering before these tariffs are effective are grandfathered for 10 years only. For this reason, Michigan is categorized as having DG compensation rules other than net metering, although final tariffs have not yet been approved.